KNOW YOUR AIRCRAFT

A pilot's guide for:

N#_____



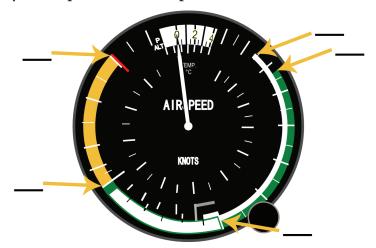
Pilot Information:

Name:	Date:/
Airmen Certificate Number	
Medical Class:/ Last Flight Review:/	Expiration Date://
Aircraft Information:	
Insurance Agent	
Agent Phone Number	
Insurance Carrier	
Policy # Policy expiration Claim Contact	
Registration Number	Year
Make Model	
Equipment code	
Fuel capacity (usable) Oil brand/weight Oil capacity	minmax
Tire pressure (mains) Tire pressure (nose/tail)	
Home Airport Radio Freq	uencies:
ATIS/AWOS	
Clearance	<u></u>
Ground	. =
Tower	
CTAF	
UNICOM	
Departure	
Approach	

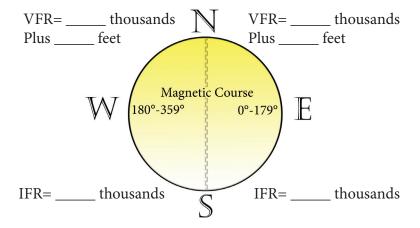
Emergency procedures.
Engine failure after takeoff:
Engine failure in flight:
Engine fire on start:
Engine fire in flight:
Spin recovery:
,
Power on stall recovery:
,
Power off stall recovery:

V Speeds:

Label your V speeds on the airspeed indicator below:



Label the correct cruising altitudes for VFR and IFR flight:



Runway Safety:

Label the taxiway and runway signs below:



Your radios are not working. What transponder code should you squawk? _____

The tower is directing you via light signals. Complete the chart defining the light signals below:

Light Signal	Ground Operations	In Flight Operations

Aviation Weather:

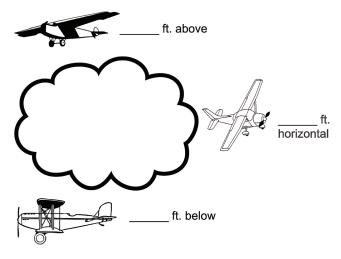
Complete the day VFR (Visual Flight Rules) cloud clearances and visibility requirements below:

Class B: visibility _____ clouds

Class G: Day: _____ visibility _____ clouds

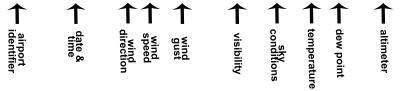
Night: _____ visibility ____ clouds

All others: _____ visibility/Clouds below:



METARS:

KFDK 141950Z 21011G15KT 10SM SKC 11/M02 A2992



Test yourself:

KFDK 151647Z 15006KT 1SM SCT010 BKN027 M04/M06 A3039

What is the ceiling?

What is the visibility?

What direction and speed is the wind?

Take-off and Landing Distances:

• What is the required take-off distance to clear a 50 foot obstacle at maximum gross weight with a pressure altitude of 3,000 feet and 10 degrees Celsius assuming no winds and a hard runway surface? (Refer to the aircraft's POH-Pilot's Operating Handbook)
• What would the take-off distance be if the take-off were made from a sea-level pressure altitude? (Refer to POH)
• Would high humidity increase or decrease this distance?(Refer to POH)
• What is your ground roll when landing with a pressure altitude of 2,000 feet and 20 degrees Celsius? (Refer to POH)
Would an increase in temperature increase or decrease this distance?
Weight & balance (refer to POH):
Maximum weight:
Standard empty weight:
Maximum useful load:
Baggage allowance:

Weight & Balance				
Loads	Weight (pounds)	Arm (Inches)	Moment /1000	
Empty Aircraft:				
Front Passengers:				
Rear Passengers:				
Baggage Area 1:				
Baggage Area 2:				
Fuel (Gallons):				
Ground Ops (Fuel used):				
Totals:				
CG = Total Moment / Total Weight:				

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